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	APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
	09/254,005	03/01/1999	TAKAFUMI ATARASHI	Q53451	6345	
	7590 09/25/2002 SUGHRUE MION ZINN MACPEAK & SEAS 2100 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE NW WASHINGTON, DC 20037					
				EXAMINER		
				KRUER, KEVIN R		
				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
				1773	20	
			DATE MAILED: 09/25/2002	DATE MAILED: 09/25/2002		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

• •		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
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	Office Action Summary	09/254,005 Examiner	ATARASHI ET AL.				
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Art Unit				
	The MAILING DATE of this communication app	Kevin R Kruer pears on the cover sheet with the	1773 correspondence address				
Period fo	r Reply		o von coponachee address				
THE I - Exter after - If the - If NO - Failu - Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. usions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply- period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period or the to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute the pely received by the Office later than three months after the mailing the patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be y within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) of will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDO	limety filed days will be considered timety. om the mailing date of this communication.				
1)[Responsive to communication(s) filed on 09 /	August 2002					
2a)⊠		nis action is non-final.					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowations of closed in accordance with the practice under on of Claims	ance except for formal matters.	prosecution as to the ments is , 453 O.G. 213.				
4) 🖂	Claim(s) 1,3 and 5-8 is/are pending in the app	olication.					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw						
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.	rom osmoldoration.					
	Claim(s) 1.3 and 5-8 is/are rejected.						
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
	8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
	plication Papers						
9) 🗌 🗆	9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)[] 1	☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the						
11)[] 1	he proposed drawing correction filed on		roved by the Examiner.				
	If approved, corrected drawings are required in rep						
	he oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer.					
	nder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	(a)-(d) or (f).				
	☑ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
	1.⊠ Certified copies of the priority documents						
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents						
	3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bure the attached detailed Office action for a list of the	reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	_				
	cknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic						
a)	☐ The translation of the foreign language procession is made of a claim for domestic	visional application has been re	ceived.				
Attachment(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					
2) 🔲 Notice	of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) ation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informal	ry (PTO-413) Paper No(s) I Patent Application (PTO-152)				
5. Patent and Tra FO-326 (Rev	- · - · ·	tion Summary	Part of Paper No. 20				

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102/103

The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 1. Claims 1, 3, 5(1), 5(3), and 6-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Atarashi et al. (US 5,763,085). Atarashi teaches a powder having multilayered films on the surface, comprising a metal core having at least one metal oxide film thereon (abstract). The metallic oxide layers have a thickness of from 0.01-20microns (abstract), preferably 0.02-5 micros (col 6, line 9). The core is preferably magnetic and selected from the group consisting of iron, cobalt, nickel, etc. (col 5, lines 29-59). The coating(s) is a metal oxide that may be dielectric (col 8, line 40). The particles may be consolidated as a toner (col 9, line 37), a heat-dissipating sheet (col 13, line 19) or for heat dissipation of electronic parts (col 13, lines 13-19).

With respect to the new limitation that the particles form a "three dimensional article, the examiner takes the position that any article/object inherently has three dimensions.

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Atarashi does not teach that the toner should be molded. However, the courts have held that the method of making a product does not patentably distinguish a product from a product taught in the prior art unless it can be shown that the method of making the product inherently results in a materially different product. In the present application, no such showing has been made. In the event any differences can be shown for the product of the product-by-process claims 1, 3, and 5, as opposed to the product taught in Atarashi, such differences would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art as a routine modification of the product in the absence of a showing of unexpected results, see also *In re Thorpe*, 227 USPQ 964.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed August 5, 2002 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant argues that toner, such as that taught in Atarashi, is discontinuously fixed and the powder is not arranged at the same distance from one another in a given direction. Applicant further argues that, in the case of multiple layer images, it is usually discontinuous and irregular. In support of this position, Applicant provides the Office with a series of Figures. However, there is nothing of record that suggests the figures accurately portray the current invention of the toner taught by Atarashi. The arguments of counsel cannot take the place of evidence in the record. In re Schulze, 346 F.2d 600, 602, 145 USPQ 716, 718 (CCPA 1965); In re Geisler, 116 F.3d 1465, 43 USPQ2d 1362 (Fed. Cir. 1997).

Applicant also argues that layer thickness is specifically disclosed in Examples 1 and 3. Furthermore, Applicant argues that the present invention allows for

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electromagnetic wave having a specific wavelength to be reflected. In response to applicant's argument that the references fail to show certain features of applicant's invention, it is noted that the features upon which applicant relies (i.e., layer thickness and reflection of an electromagnetic wave having a specific wavelength) are not recited in the rejected claim(s). Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See *In re Van Geuns*, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993).

Thus, Applicant's arguments are not persuasive.

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kevin R Kruer whose telephone number is 703-305-

0025. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 7:00a.m. to 4:00p.m.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Paul Thibodeau, can be reached on (703) 308-2367. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-305-5408.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0661.

KRK

N-RN-

Paul Thibodeau Supervisory Patent Examiner Technology Center 1700